

ESERCIZI ESTIVI SUPERAMENTO DEBITO CLASSI II a.s. 2013/14

Completa le seguenti frasi scegliendo la forma verbale corretta fra le due date:

1. Look! That man the old lady (is robbing/robs)
2. My brother always tennis on Saturdays (plays/is playing)
3. When we to the disco, we back home very late (go/are going)
(come/are coming)
4. I have got so many doubts. I to call and tell her the whole truth
(think/am/thinking)
5. You often tv in the evening, because you love films (watch/are watching)
6. Mary is a very good pianist. Listen, now she Mozart (plays/is playing)
7. We can't come with you, sorry. We for our English test (study/are studying)
8. Don't call them now! It's 8 o'clock and they dinner (have/are having)
9. We are not lucky. If we to go out for a walk, it always (decide/are
deciding) (rains/is raining)
10. You won't find him home today. He to England (travels/is travelling)

Scrivi le domande alle seguenti risposte:

1. Yes, we are studying
2. No, they aren't quarreling
3. Yes, I'm writing to Sara
4. No, she isn't reading a book
5. Yes, he's working in the garden

Traduci in inglese facendo attenzione alla scelta tra Present progressive o Present simple:

1. Perché piangi? Non è successo niente di grave
2. Penso che stia arrivando
3. Tutte le domeniche mia mamma organizza un pranzo di famiglia
4. Normalmente non lavoro così tanto, ma in questo periodo lavoro tantissimo
5. Non urlare, per favore. Il nonno riposa al piano di sopra

Trasforma le seguenti frasi al tempo Past simple apportando le opportune modifiche e/o aggiunte ai complementi di tempo:

1. You're at school now
2. They are at home now
3. You play tennis on Mondays
4. She starts working at 9 o'clock
5. We want to find another house
6. We aren't satisfied
7. He hasn't got any Scottish friends
8. You don't study Russian
9. They don't want to change their idea
10. She doesn't think so
11. Are you happy today?
12. Is she at home today?

13. Do you sleep till late?
14. Does he smoke cigars?
15. Do they always arrive so late?
16. We go
17. I try
18. She finds
19. They begin
20. You drink
21. He thinks
22. It rains
23. I say
24. We leave
25. He walks
26. You forget
27. They forgive
28. We eat
29. She reads
30. They write
31. Did you imagine that?
32. Did Emma and Sara enjoy their holiday?
33. Did Thomas go to Neil's party?
34. Did you pass the test?
35. Did they book the seats?

Riordina le parole così da ottenere frasi di senso compiuto:

1. first/I/years/met/John/for/we/time/great/the/two/ago/and/soon/friends/became
2. didn't/last/watch/tv/night/we
3. Susy/come/week/to/did/your/party/last/?
4. our/yesterday/new/expained/a/teacher/subject
5. with/man/was/the/you/bookshop/at/who/the/?

Fill in the past form.

1. Mammoths big animals, bigger than elephants. (be)
2. Mammoths 100 years ago. (not live)
3. Mammoths a long time ago. (live)
4. Mammoths meat. They grass. (not eat / eat)
5. They two large tusks about three metres long. (have)
6. Some dinosaurs in the air and some in the sea. (fly / swim)
7. He some milk. He any water. (drink / not drink)

8. She only a pound. She 3 pounds. (spend / not spend)

9. I some elephants. I any lions. (see / not see)

10. They in the sea, but in the lake. (swim / notswim)

Trasforma l'aggettivo dato al grado comparativo di maggioranza:

1. hard
2. difficult
3. heavy
4. short
5. interesting
6. long
7. beautiful
8. good
9. much
10. easy
11. loud
12. annoying
13. brave
14. comfortable
15. expensive
16. fat
17. bad
18. little
19. exact

Per ciascuna frase scegli la forma corretta di comparativo fra quelle proposte:

1. My sister is younger/more young than me
2. The film we saw yesterday was boringer/more boring than all other films we've ever seen
3. She's nicer/more nice than I thought
4. Your English is badder/worse/more bad than Mary's
5. The situation is catastrophicer/more catastrophic than we thought
6. You're older/more old than me, but you look younger/more young
7. We want to move into a smaller/more small house
8. Mount Everest is higher/more high than Mont Blanc
9. I don't want to spend too much money, so I take this one, that is cheaper/more cheaper
10. Today it is warmer/more warm than yesterday, isn't it?

Per ciascuna frase scegli la forma corretta di superlativo relativo fra quelle proposte:

1. My sister Anne is the more young/the youngest of the whole family
2. The film we saw yesterday was the most boring/the boringest film I've ever seen
3. She's the most nice/the nicest girl of my class
4. Your accent is the most bad/the worst/the baddest I've ever heard
5. The situation is the most catastrophic/the catastrophicest we've ever experienced
6. You're the most old/the oldest/the eldest of the two, but you look the most young/the youngest

7. The house we live in is the most small/the smallest we've ever had
8. Is Mount Everest the most high/ the highest mount in the world?
9. I don't want to spend too much money, so I take this one, that is the most cheap/ the cheapest
10. Today is the most warm/the warmest day of the whole Summer